REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE OHIO COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE OHIO COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2008

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Ohio County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The financial statements of Ohio County Hospital Corporation, a discretely presented component unit, have been prepared under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which is inconsistent with the basis of accounting Ohio County, Kentucky, uses to prepare its financial statements. As a result, we have issued a qualified opinion on the discretely presented component unit. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information.

In accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we have issued unqualified opinions on the compliance requirements that are applicable to Ohio County's major federal programs: Airport Improvement Program (CFDA #20.106) and Congressionally Mandated Projects (CFDA #66.606).

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had net assets of \$9,886,241 as of June 30, 2008. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$1,998,345 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2008, with total net assets of \$7,890,679. In its business-type activities, fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$43,903 with total net assets of \$1,995,562. The fiscal court's discretely presented component unit had net assets of \$7,361,222 as of September 30, 2008. The discretely presented component unit had unrestricted net assets of \$7,279,072. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2008 of \$1,895,561 with \$145,946 due within the next year. The discretely presented component unit had total debt principal as of September 30, 2008 of \$5,692,122 with \$544,824 due within the next year.

Report Comments:

- **2008-1** The Ohio County Airport Board Has A Lack of Internal Controls Over Monitoring Of Activities Allowed/Allowable Costs
- 2008-2 The Ohio County Airport Board Deposits Were Not Made Timely
- 2008-3 The Ohio County Senior Services Deposits Were Not Made Timely
- **2008-4** The Fiscal Court Should Require Adequate Supporting Documentation For Mileage Reimbursements Made To The Sheriff and Sheriff's Deputies
- 2008-5 The Fiscal Court Should Require All Employees Submit Timesheets

Deposits:

The fiscal court's deposits were fully insured and collateralized by bank securities or bonds.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable David Jones, Ohio County Judge/Executive
Members of the Ohio County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ohio County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Ohio County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Ohio County Hospital Corporation, a discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit opinion unit is based on the report of the other auditors. Those financial statements reflect 100% of assets and revenues of the discretely presented component unit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Ohio County Hospital Corporation were not audited in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Ohio County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The financial statements of the Ohio County Hospital Corporation, a discretely presented component unit, are presented in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting and therefore include certain accruals required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America that are not presented in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting. The amounts by which these accruals affect the financial statements are not reasonably determinable.



To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
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In our opinion, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the Ohio County Hospital Corporation's financial statements been prepared using the same basis of accounting as Ohio County, Kentucky, based on our report and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the discretely presented component unit of Ohio County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2008, and the changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ohio County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The County has chosen not to present the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the budgetary comparison information. However, we did not audit it and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Ohio County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining fund financial statements are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A–133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated August 5, 2009, on our consideration of Ohio County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable David Jones, Ohio County Judge/Executive
Members of the Ohio County Fiscal Court

Based on the results of our audit, we present the schedule of findings and questioned costs, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

- **2008-1** The Ohio County Airport Board Has A Lack of Internal Controls Over Monitoring Of Activities Allowed/Allowable Costs
- 2008-2 The Ohio County Airport Board Deposits Were Not Made Timely
- **2008-3** The Ohio County Senior Services Deposits Were Not Made Timely
- **2008-4** The Fiscal Court Should Require Adequate Supporting Documentation For Mileage Reimbursements Made To The Sheriff and Sheriff's Deputies
- **2008-5** The Fiscal Court Should Require All Employees Submit Timesheets

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

August 5, 2009

OHIO COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

Fiscal Court Members:

David Jones County Judge/Executive

Dean Minton Magistrate
Jason Bullock Magistrate
Richard Robinson Magistrate
Larry Keown Magistrate
Billy Burden Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Greg Hill County Attorney

Gerry Wright Jailer

Bess Ralph County Clerk

Elvis Doolin Sheriff

Jason Chinn Property Valuation Administrator

Larry Bevil Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Anne Melton County Treasurer

Janice Embry Finance Officer

Robert Cox Deputy Judge/Executive

Lugenia Sapp Occupational Tax Administrator

Donald Ford Road Supervisor
Ruth Jameson 911 Administrator

Sharon Wright Jail Administrative Assistant/Bookkeeper

OHIO COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

OHIO COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Primary Government					Component		
							<u>Unit</u>	
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Totals		Ohio County Hospital Corporation 9/30/2008	
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,998,345	\$	43,903	\$	2,042,248	\$	1,539,108
Assets Limited to Use								361,097
Patient Accounts Receivable								3,451,247
Other Accounts Receivable		102.050				102.050		505,490
Assets Held for Resale		102,850				102,850		504 270
Supplies Proposed Expanses and Other								594,270
Prepaid Expenses and Other Total Current Assets		2,101,195		43,903		2,145,098		194,468 6,645,680
Total Culient Assets		2,101,193		43,903		2,143,096	_	0,043,000
Noncurrent Assets:								
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated								
Depreciation								
Construction in Progress				882,054		882,054		54,169
Land		773,473		123,606		897,079		361,228
Land Improvements				425,167		425,167		49,411
Buildings and Building Improvements		3,733,567		505,914		4,239,481		2,612,117
Machinery and Equipment		1,024,487		14,918		1,039,405		2,697,347
Vehicles		720,608				720,608		
Infrastructure		1,432,910				1,432,910		
Deferred Financing Costs, At Amortized Cos	st							81,606
Other								127,786
Hospital Assets Held by Trustee Total Noncurrent Assets		7,685,045		1.051.650		0.626.704		424,000
Total Assets		9,786,240		1,951,659 1,995,562		9,636,704 11,781,802		6,407,664 13,053,344
Total Assets		7,700,240		1,773,302		11,701,002		13,033,344
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Bonds Payable								390,000
Financing Obligations Payable		145,946				145,946		154,824
Accounts Payable								507,959
Accrued Payroll and Other Expenses								1,074,721
Unearned Revenue								379,117
Estimated Amounts Due to								
Third -Party Payers								5,415
Total Current Liabilities		145,946				145,946		2,512,036
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Bonds Payable								2,720,000
Financing Obligations Payable		1,749,615			_	1,749,615		460,086
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,749,615				1,749,615		3,180,086
Total Liabilities		1,895,561				1,895,561		5,692,122

OHIO COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2008 (Continued)

	Primary Government						Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Totals		Ohio County Hospital Corporation 9/30/2008		
NET ASSETS									
Invested in Capital Assets,									
Net of Related Debt	\$	5,892,334	\$	1,951,659	\$	7,843,993	\$	82,150	
Unrestricted		1,998,345		43,903		2,042,248		7,279,072	
Total Net Assets	\$	7,890,679	\$	1,995,562	\$	9,886,241	\$	7,361,222	

OHIO COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

OHIO COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

			Program Revenues Received					
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital rants and ntributions
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	4,066,854	\$	302,331	\$	105,334	\$	283,359
Protection to Persons and Property		1,054,964		141,339		460,356		
General Health and Sanitation		1,743,247		199,042		1,736,366		
Social Services		187,088		3,589		314,544		
Recreation and Culture		666,834		79,413				
Roads		1,178,411				1,608,821		107,600
Airports		20,125						
Capital Projects		107,600						
Interest on Long-term Debt		92,969						
Total Governmental Activities		9,118,092		725,714		4,225,421		390,959
Business-type Activities:								
Jail Canteen		13,432		11,363				
Airport Board		132,157		12,150				909,054
Total Business-type Activities		145,589		23,513	_			909,054
Total Primary Government	\$	9,263,681	\$	749,227	\$	4,225,421	\$	1,300,013
Discretely Presented Component Unit:								
Ohio County Hospital Corporation	\$	23,147,222	\$	22,992,498	\$	0	\$	0

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes

Personal Property Taxes

Motor Vehicle Taxes

Occupational / Net ProfitTaxes

Deed Transfer Taxes

Auto Sticker Taxes

Telephone 911 Taxes

Franchise Taxes

Other Taxes

In Lieu of Tax

Excess Fees-County Clerk

Excess Fees-Sheriff

Reimbursements

Telephone Commissions

Interest Received

Miscellaneous Revenues

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)

Net Assets - Ending

OHIO COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

P			
Governmental	Business-Type		Component Unit
Activities	Activities	Totals	9/30/2008
\$ (3,375,830)	\$	\$ (3,375,830)	\$
(453,269)	Ψ	(453,269)	Ψ
192,161		192,161	
131,045		131,045	
(587,421)		(587,421)	
538,010		538,010	
(20,125)		(20,125)	
(107,600)		(107,600)	
(92,969)		(92,969)	
(3,775,998)		(3,775,998)	
	(2.060)	(2.060)	
	(2,069)	(2,069)	
	789,047	789,047	
	786,978	786,978	
(3,775,998)	786,978	(2,989,020)	
			(154,724)
441,976		441,976	
1,792		1,792	
68,511		68,511	
1,730,355		1,730,355	
129,588		129,588	
204,267		204,267	
275,572		275,572	
142,215		142,215	
232,798		232,798	
2,568		2,568	
555,888		555,888	
373,168		373,168	
152,422		152,422	
14,989		14,989	
15,226	1,474	16,700	98,940
129,917	21,131	151,048	239,299
4,471,252	22,605	4,493,857	338,239
695,254	809,583	1,504,837	183,515
7,195,425	1,185,979	8,381,404	7,177,707
\$ 7,890,679	\$ 1,995,562	\$ 9,886,241	\$ 7,361,222

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



OHIO COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

OHIO COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2008

	General Fund	Road And Bridge Fund	Occupational Tax Fund	Waterline Fund	Federal Grants Fund	Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 254,389	\$ 185,287	\$1,129,394	\$ 321,889	\$	\$ 107,386	\$ 1,998,345
Total Assets	\$ 254,389	\$ 185,287	\$1,129,394	\$ 321,889	\$ 0	\$ 107,386	\$ 1,998,345
FUND BALANCES							
Reserved for:							
Encumbrances	\$ 9,240	\$ 5,893	\$ 47	\$	\$	\$ 2,595	\$ 17,775
Unreserved:							
General Fund	245,149						245,149
Special Revenue Funds		179,394	1,129,347	321,889		104,791	1,735,421
Total Fund Balances	\$ 254,389	\$ 185,287	\$1,129,394	\$ 321,889	\$ 0	\$ 107,386	\$ 1,998,345

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets:

Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,998,345
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement	
Of Net Assets Are Different Because:	
Capital Assets Used In Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources	
And Therefore Are Not Reported In The Funds.	10,572,366
Accumulated Depreciation	(2,887,321)
Assets Held For Resale Are Not Current Financial Resources And, Therefore, Are Not	
Reported In The Funds.	102,850
Long-term Debt Is Not Due And Payable In The Current Period And, Therefore,	
Is Not Reported In The Funds.	
Due Within One Year - Financing Obligation Principal Payments	(145,946)
Due In More Than One Year - Financing Obligation Principal Payments	(1,749,615)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 7,890,679



OHIO COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

OHIO COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

		General Fund	Br	Road And ridge Fund	Oc	cupational Tax Fund	W	aterline Fund
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	1,295,697	\$		\$	1,918,639	\$	
In Lieu Tax Payments		2,568						
Licenses and Permits		253,143		2,666				
Intergovernmental		1,742,321		1,440,575				
Charges for Services		93,047						157,388
Miscellaneous		205,498		21,913				2,821
Interest		5,222		8,780		26,171		7,573
Total Revenues		3,597,496		1,473,934		1,944,810		167,782
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		2,215,497				209,759		
Protection to Persons and Property		445,943				200,700		
General Health and Sanitation		133,872						52,638
Social Services		214,022						22 ,020
Recreation and Culture		642,132				7,500		
Roads		0.2,102		1,234,727		18,884		
Airports		17,247		-,,		,		
Debt Service		151,554		265,963				
Capital Projects				107,600				
Administration		903,020		249,030		24,755		
Total Expenditures		4,723,287		1,857,320		260,898		52,638
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,125,791)		(383,386)		1,683,912		115,144
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers Out						(1,109,498)		
Transfers In		650,000		117,988				
Financing Obligation Proceeds		250,000		102,850				
Proceeds from Sale of Assets Held for Re				176,345				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		900,000		397,183		(1,109,498)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(225,791)		13,797		574,414		115,144
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)		480,180		171,490		554,980		206,745
	\$	254,389	\$	185,287	\$	1,129,394	\$	321,889
•	_		$\dot{=}$				$\dot{-}$	/

OHIO COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

Federal Grants Fund	Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	\$ 6,01	4 \$ 3,220,350 2,568 255,809
1,684,711	772,31 48,61	6 5,639,923 4 299,049
1,684,711	18,63 1,28 846,86	6 49,032
132,437	285,41 671,34	
1,552,274	20	0 1,738,984 214,022
	17,20 47,95	
	2,87	8 20,125 417,517
	196,82	107,600 1 1,373,626
1,684,711	1,221,81	9,800,664
	(374,94	7) (85,068)
	341,51	(1,109,498) 0 1,109,498 352,850 176,345
	341,51	
	(33,43 140,82	
\$ 0	\$ 107,38	



OHIO COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

OHIO COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:

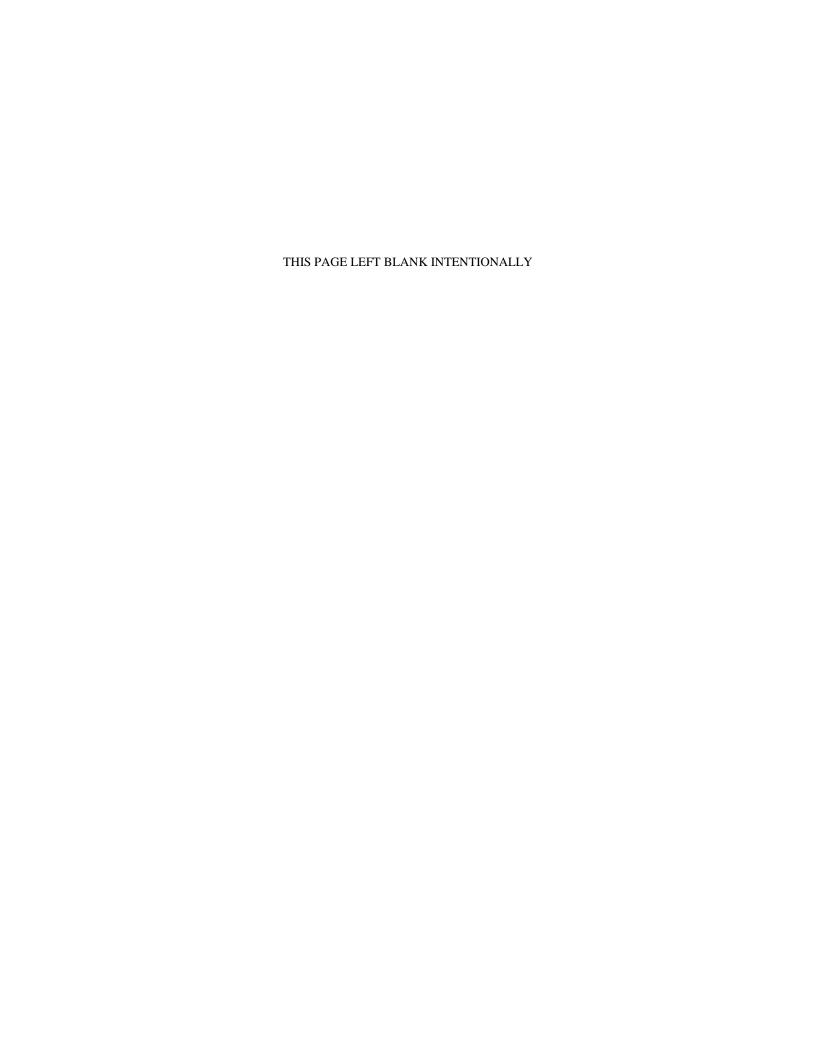
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 444,127
Governmental Funds Report Capital Outlays As Expenditures. However,	
In The Statement of Activities, The Cost Of Those Assets Is Allocated	
Over Their Estimated Useful Lives And Reported as Decpreciation Expense.	
Assets Held For Resale Disposed	(193,786)
Purchase Of Assets Held For Resale	102,850
Book Value Of Capital Assets Disposed	(27,276)
Capital Outlay	575,103
Depreciation Expense	(285,022)
The Issuance or Retirement of Long-term Debt (e.g. Bonds, Leases) Provides	
Current Financial Resources to Governmental Funds. This Transaction, However,	
Has No Effect on Net Assets.	
Financing Obligation Proceeds	(250,000)
Financing Obligation and Principal Payments Are Expensed In The	
Governmental Funds As A Use Of Current Financial Resources. However,	
These Transactions Have No Effect On Net Assets.	
Financing Obligations	329,258
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 695,254



OHIO COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

OHIO COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Business-Type Activites - Enterprise Funds					
Jail Canteen Fund		Airport Board Fund			Totals
\$	15,338	\$	28,565	\$	43,903
	15,338		28,565		43,903
			882,054 123,606 425,167 505,914 14,918		882,054 123,606 425,167 505,914 14,918
			1,951,659		1,951,659
	15,338		1,980,224		1,995,562
			1 951 659		1,951,659
	15 338				43,903
\$		\$	1,980,224	\$	1,995,562
	\$	Jail Canteen Fund \$ 15,338 15,338	Jail Canteen Fund \$ 15,338 \$ 15,338 15,338	Jail Canteen Fund Airport Board Fund \$ 15,338 \$ 28,565 15,338 \$ 28,565 882,054 123,606 425,167 505,914 14,918 1,951,659 15,338 1,980,224	Jail Canteen Fund Airport Board Fund \$ 15,338 \$ 28,565 \$ 15,338 \$ 28,565 \$ 882,054 \$ 123,606 425,167 \$ 505,914 14,918 \$ 1,951,659 15,338 \$ 1,980,224



OHIO COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

OHIO COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

Business-Type Activites - Enterprise Funds

	Jail Canteen Fund			Airport Board Fund	Totals		
Operating Revenues							
Canteen Receipts	\$	11,363	\$		\$	11,363	
Rental Services				12,150		12,150	
Other Receipts				21,131		21,131	
Total Operating Revenues		11,363		33,281		44,644	
Operating Expenses							
Educational and Recreational		13,432				13,432	
Professional Fees				8,305		8,305	
Repairs and Maintenance				54,657		54,657	
Utilities				5,919		5,919	
Depreciation				59,663		59,663	
Supplies				2,123		2,123	
Miscellaneous				1,357		1,357	
Total Operating Expenses		13,432		132,024		145,456	
Operating Income (Loss)		(2,069)	_	(98,743)	_	(100,812)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Interest Expense				(133)		(133)	
Interest Income		68		1,406		1,474	
Federal Receipts				822,508		822,508	
State Receipts				86,546		86,546	
Net Nonoperating Revenues						_	
(Expenses)		68		910,327		910,395	
Change In Net Assets	-	(2,001)		811,584		809,583	
Total Net Assets - Beginning		17,339		1,168,640		1,185,979	
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	15,338	\$	1,980,224	\$	1,995,562	



OHIO COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

OHIO COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

Business-Type Activites - Enterprise Funds

	Jail Canteen Fund			Airport Board Fund		<u>Totals</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	Ф	11.060	Ф		Ф	11.262
Receipts From Customers	\$	11,363	\$	12 150	\$	11,363
Rental Revenue				12,150		12,150
Other Receipts				21,131		21,131
Professional Fees				(8,305)		(8,305)
Repairs and Maintenance				(54,657)		(54,657)
Utilities		(10, 100)		(5,919)		(5,919)
Educational and Recreational		(13,432)		(2.122)		(13,432)
Supplies				(2,123)		(2,123)
Miscellaneous				(1,357)		(1,357)
Net Cash Used By		(2.0.60)		(20,000)		(41.140)
Operating Activities		(2,069)		(39,080)		(41,149)
Cash Flows From Capital and						
Related Financing Activities						
Principal Payment				(6,658)		(6,658)
Interest Expense				(133)		(133)
Federal Receipts				822,508		822,508
State Receipts				86,546		86,546
Capital Outlay				(882,054)		(882,054)
Net Cash Provided By Capital and						
Related Financing Activities				20,209		20,209
Cash Flows From Investing Activities						
Interest Earned		68		1,406		1,474
Net Cash Provided By				,		, , .
Investing Activities		68		1,406		1,474
W.B		(2.001)		(15.465)		(10.450
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(2,001)		(17,465)		(19,466)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2007		17,339		46,030		63,369
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2008	\$	15,338	\$	28,565	\$	43,903
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used By Operating Activities						
Operating Loss	\$	(2,069)	\$	(98,743)	\$	(100,812)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating	Ψ	(2,00)	Ψ	(70,743)	Ψ	(100,012)
Income to Net Cash Provided						
By Operating Activities -						
Depreciation Expense				59,663		59,663
Depreciation Expense				55,003		
Net Cash Used By Operating Activities	\$	(2,069)	\$	(39,080)	\$	(41,149)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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OHIO COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements. However, financial statements of the Ohio County Hospital Corporation, a discretely presented component unit, are prepared on the accrual basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however, the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Ohio County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented.

Blended Component Units

The following legally separate organizations provide their services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. These organizations' balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

Ohio County Airport Board

The Ohio County Airport Board is not legally separate from the Ohio County Fiscal Court. The Fiscal Court has the ability to impose its will on the governing board. In addition, the fiscal court is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the Airport Board. Financial information for the Airport Board is blended within Ohio County's financial statements. All activities of the Airport Board are accounted for within a major enterprise fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

Ohio County Public Facilities Corporation

The Ohio County Fiscal Court appoints the Public Facilities Corporation's governing board and has the ability to impose its will on the governing board. In addition, the fiscal court is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the Public Facilities Corporation. There was no financial activity for the Public Facilities Corporation in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The component unit column in the financial statements includes the data of the Ohio County Hospital Corporation. It is reported on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities in a separate column to emphasize its separateness from the fiscal court's primary government.

Ohio County Hospital Corporation

The Ohio County Fiscal Court (Fiscal Court) appoints a voting majority of the Ohio County Hospital Corporation governing board. The Ohio County Hospital Corporation is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the hospital as long as a lease dated March 1, 1995, and between the Ohio County Public Facilities Corporation, a component unit of Ohio County and the Ohio County Hospital Corporation is in effect. The Ohio County Hospital Corporation may make additional improvements to the hospital at its own cost, which becomes part of the hospital. Exclusion of this entity as a component unit of Ohio County would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The financial information for the Hospital is presented discretely within Ohio County's financial statements.

Audited financial statements for the Ohio County Hospital Corporation, a discretely presented component unit, may be requested by contacting the Ohio County Hospital, 1211 Main Street, Hartford Kentucky 42347.

C. Ohio County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Ohio County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities, and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Ohio County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 3rd Saturday in April following the delinquency date.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the Fiscal Court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Road and Bridge Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these revenues and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Occupational Tax Fund - This fund is used to account for the collection of occupational and net profit tax. Expenditures consist of general operations and transfers to other funds.

Waterline Fund - This fund is used to account for waterline repairs and projects in Ohio County. The primary source of revenue for this fund is from landfill fees.

Federal Grants Fund - This fund is used to account for the proceeds and expenditures of large projects that are funded by federal grants.

The primary government also has the following nonmajor funds: Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Forest Fire Fund, and Landfill Fund.

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road and Bridge Fund, Occupational Tax Fund, Waterline Fund, Federal Grants Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Forest Fire Fund, and Landfill Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Enterprise Funds:

The principal operating revenues of the county's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services in the Jail Canteen Fund and the Airport Board Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements or Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, unless the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) specifically adopts such FASB Statements or Interpretations.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary funds:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary Funds (Continued)

Enterprise Funds: (Continued)

Airport Board Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the activities of the airport. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are from charges to customers and federal aviation grants.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life
	T1	nreshold	(Years)
Land Improvements	\$	20,000	10-60
Buildings	\$	50,000	10-75
Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75
Vehicles and Equipment	\$	5,000	3-25
Infrastructure	\$	50,000	10-50

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes, and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The Ohio County Hospital Corporation (discretely presented component unit), Ohio County Airport Board (blended component unit), and the Ohio County Jail Commissary (blended component unit) Funds are not budgeted. The Department for Local Government does not require the Fiscal Court to report or budget these funds.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Related Organizations, Joint Ventures, and Jointly Governed Organizations

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the Ohio County Water District, the Ohio County Library, and the Ohio County Tourism Commission are considered related organizations of the Ohio County Fiscal Court.

A legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility is a joint venture. Based upon these criteria, the following are considered as joint ventures of the Ohio County Fiscal Court:

- Bluegrass Crossing Industrial Authority (with McLean, Muhlenberg, Hancock, and Daviess Counties)
- Ohio County Regional Wastewater District (with the Cities of Hartford, Centertown, and Beaver Dam)

Note 2. Deposits

The county and component unit maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2008, all the County's deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement. As of September 30, 2008, approximately \$1,382,479 of the discretely presented component unit's deposits was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Note 3. Assets Held For Resale

Assets held for resale activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

		Reporting Entity						
	В	eginning						Ending
]	Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Assets Held For Resale:	ф	102.706	¢.	102.050	Ф	102 706	Ф	102.950
Vehicles	<u> </u>	193,796	\$	102,850	<u> </u>	193,796	<u> </u>	102,850
Total Assets Held For Resale	\$	193,796	\$	102,850	\$	193,796	\$	102,850

Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity							
	Restated							
		eginning						Ending
Primary Government:		Balance	I	ncreases	De	ecreases		Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	523,473	\$	250,000	\$		\$	773,473
Total Capital Assets Not Being								,
Depreciated		523,473		250,000				773,473
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:		5 440 415						5 440 415
Buildings and Building Improvements		5,442,415				(40.400)		5,442,415
Machinery and Equipment		1,487,755		92,680		(40,190)		1,540,245
Vehicles		1,149,965		115,433		(33,626)		1,231,772
Infrastructure		1,467,471		116,990				1,584,461
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated		9,547,606		325,103		(73,816)		9,798,893
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Buildings and Building Improvements	(1,620,396)		(88,452)			((1,708,848)
Machinery and Equipment	`	(458,072)		(73,963)		16,277		(515,758)
Vehicles		(467,651)		(73,776)		30,263		(511,164)
Infrastructure		(102,720)		(48,831)		,		(151,551)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,648,839)		(285,022)		46,540	((2,887,321)
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated, Net		6,898,767		40,081		(27,276)		6,911,572
Governmental Activities Capital								
Assets, Net	\$	7,422,240	\$	290,081	\$	(27,276)	\$	7,685,045

Note 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Primary Government:	Beginning Balance	-	ncreases	Decreases		Ending Balance
•	Dalance		licreases	Decreases		Dalance
Business-Type Activities:						
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$ 123,6	06		\$	\$	123,606
Construction In Progress	4 120,0		882,054	Ψ	4	882,054
Total Capital Assets Not Being			002,00			002,00
Depreciated Depreciated	123,6	06	882,054			1,005,660
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:						
Land Improvements	735,7	02				735,702
Buildings and Building Improvements	633,8					633,825
Machinery and Equipment	40,3	20				40,320
Total Capital Assets Being						
Depreciated	1,409,8	47				1,409,847
-						
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:						
Land Improvements	(277,4	29)	(33,106)			(310,535)
Buildings and Building Improvements	(104,9	83)	(22,928)			(127,911)
Machinery and Equipment	(21,7)	73)	(3,629)			(25,402)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(404,1	85)	(59,663)			(463,848)
Total Capital Assets, Being						
Depreciated, Net	1,005,6	62	(59,663)			945,999
Business-Type Activities Capital						
Assets, Net	\$ 1,129,2	68 \$	822,391	\$ 0	\$	1,951,659

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$	106,396
Protection To Persons and Property		42,965
Social Services		3,600
General Health and Sanitation		4,263
Roads, Including Depreciation Of General Infrastructure Assets		127,798
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	285,022
Business-Type Activities Airport Board	\$	59,663
		
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities		59,663

Note 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the discretely presented component unit for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Discretely Presented Component Unit							
	Beg	inning						Ending
	Ba	lance	I	ncreases	D	ecreases		Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	175,727	\$	185,501	\$		\$	361,228
Construction in Progress	2	213,953		479,283		(639,067)		54,169
Total Capital Assets Not Being								
Depreciated	3	389,680		664,784		(639,067)		415,397
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Land Improvements	2	264,807						264,807
Buildings	5,5	583,636						5,583,636
Equipment	10,9	919,120		1,015,733			1	1,934,853
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated	16,7	767,563		1,015,733			1	7,783,296
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Land Improvements	(2	205,023)		(10,373)				(215,396)
Buildings	(2,8	317,622)		(153,897)			(2,971,519)
Equipment	(8,7	717,739)		(519,767)				9,237,506)
Total Accumulated Depreciation:	(11,7	740,384)		(684,037)			(1	2,424,421)
Total Capital Assets, Being								
Depreciated, Net	5,0)27,179		331,696				5,358,875
Business-type Activities Capital								
Assets, Net	\$ 5,4	116,859	\$	996,480	\$	(639,067)	\$	5,774,272

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the discretely presented component unit as follows:

Ohio County Hospital Corporation	\$ 684,037
Total Depreciation Expense - Component Unit	\$ 684,037

Note 5. Short-term Debt

A. Dump Trucks

On April 2, 2008, the Fiscal Court entered into a short-term lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) to borrow \$102,850 in order to finance the purchase of a 2009 tri-axle dump truck. The agreement requires monthly interest payments at 3.945 percent. One principal payment of \$102,850 is due on April 20, 2009. The County is holding this dump truck as Assets Held for Resale because the intent is to sell this at auction next year.

Note 5. Short-term Debt (Continued)

B. Changes In Short-term Liabilities

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Financing Obligations	\$ 193,786	\$ 102,850	\$ 193,786	\$ 102,850	\$ 102,850
Governmental Activities Short-term Liabilities	\$ 193,786	\$ 102,850	\$ 193,786	\$ 102,850	\$ 102,850

Note 6. Long-term Debt

A. Courthouse Renovation

The County entered into a capital lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust on May 16, 2000, for the funding of the renovation of the current courthouse building in the amount of \$250,000. The interest rate is variable for 10 years. The termination date is May 20, 2010. The principal balance at June 30, 2008 was \$44,238. Future debt service requirements of the General Fund are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal Interest							
June 30		ппстраг		nerest				
2009	\$	22,783	\$	1,344				
2010		21,455		475				
Totals	\$	44,238	\$	1,819				

Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. Road Department Building

The County entered into a capital lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust on July 12, 1996, for the building of a road garage building in the amount of \$106,000. The interest rate is variable for 20 years. The termination date is October 20, 2011. The principal balance at June 30, 2008 was \$40,012. Future debt service requirements of the Road and Bridge Fund are as follows:

June 30	<u>P</u>	rincipal	<u>I</u> 1	nterest
2009	\$	12,000	\$	1,399
2010		12,000		914
2011		12,000		428
2012		4,012		34
Totals	\$	40,012	\$	2,775

C. Capital Projects

The County entered into an installment loan with the Bank of Ohio County on November 18, 2005 in the amount of \$1,600,000. The purpose of the loan was to finance the acquisition of property, to finance renovations and improvements to the courthouse, and to retire the Ohio County Buildings Commission First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1979. The interest rate is 4.92 percent for a period of twenty years with principal and interest payments due monthly. The principal balance at June 30, 2008 was \$1,471,246. Future debt service requirements of the General Fund are as follows:

		Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	Principal	Interest				
2009	\$	54,450	\$	72,162			
2010		57,229		69,383			
2011		60,150		66,462			
2012		63,046		63,566			
2013		66,438		60,174			
2014-2018		386,501		246,557			
2019-2023		495,779		137,280			
2024-2026		287,653		18,325			
Totals	\$	1,471,246	\$	733,909			

Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

D. Road Equipment

The County entered into a capital lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust on July 15, 2005, for the purchase of various pieces of road equipment in the amount of \$184,775 at an interest rate of 3.39%. The termination date is July 20, 2009. The principal balance at June 30, 2008 was \$94,775. Future debt service requirements of the Road and Bridge Fund are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal	<u>I</u> 1	nterest		
2009 2010	\$	45,000 49,775	\$	2,470 195		
Totals	\$	94,775	\$	2,665		

E. Park Land

On January 14, 2008 the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust in the sum of \$250,000 at a 3.936% interest rate. The financing obligation was used to purchase land to be used at the park. The maturity date of the obligation is January 20, 2023. The balance of the obligation at June 30, 2008 was \$245,290. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	I	Principal	Interest			
2009	\$	11,713	\$	8,771		
2010		12,314		8,668		
2011		12,946		8,359		
2012		13,610		7,871		
2013		14,308		7,344		
2014-2018		83,341		27,886		
2019-2023		97,058		10,093		
Totals	\$	245,290	\$	78,992		

Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

F. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	A	dditions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance	e Within ne Year
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
Financing Obligations	\$ 1,781,033	\$	250,000	\$	135,472	\$ 1,895,561	\$ 145,946
Governmental Activities							
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 1,781,033	\$	250,000	\$	135,472	\$ 1,895,561	\$ 145,946
	eginning Balance	A	dditions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance	e Within ne Year
Primary Government:							
Business-Type Activities:							
Financing Obligations	\$ 6,658	\$		\$	6,658	\$ 0	\$ 0
Business-type Activities							
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 6,658	\$	0	\$	6,658	\$ 0	\$ 0

G. Obligations Issued By the Ohio County Public Facilities Corporation

Effective August 30, 2005, the Hospital entered into a lease agreement and trust indenture with the County of Ohio, Kentucky, to pay principal and interest on the Series 2005 bond issue. The bonds mature serially at varying amounts through March 1, 2015, and require annual principal and semi-annual interest payments at rates ranging from 3.75% to 4.50%. The bonds are collateralized by all revenues generated by the Hospital. Under the terms of the lease agreement and trust indenture, the Hospital is required to maintain certain deposits with a trustee. These deposits are included with assets limited as to use in the financial statements.

H. Obligations Issued By the County of Ohio, Kentucky

Effective June 2, 1998, the Hospital entered into a trust indenture with the County of Ohio, Kentucky, to pay principal and interest on the Series 1998 bond issue. Payments on the obligation are payable in monthly installments of \$16,880, including interest at 6.30% through December 25, 2003, and thereafter an interest rate of 2.96% until the bonds final maturity on December 25, 2008. The bonds are collateralized by all revenues generated by the Hospital.

I. Diagnostic Equipment

The Hospital entered into an equipment capital lease agreement maturing in March 2011 in the amount of \$239,000. This lease agreement bears interest at an imputed interest rate of 8.50%.

Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

J. Bank of Ohio County

The Hospital entered into a loan agreement maturing April 1, 2012; payable in monthly installments of \$8,365, including interest at 7.25%; secured by certain real estate.

K. Kentucky Trust Bank

The Hospital entered into a loan agreement maturing June 30, 2014; payable in monthly installments of \$3,042, including interest at 7.14%; secured by certain real estate and equipment.

L. Aggregate Annual Maturities of Long-term Debt - Discretely Presented Component Unit

The amounts of required principal payments on long-term debt and payments on capital lease obligations at September 30, 2008, were as follows:

		(Capital	
Fiscal Year Ended	Revenue	Lease		
September 30	 Bonds	O	bligation	
	 _			
2009	\$ 495,662	\$	58,842	
2010	523,578		58,842	
2011	542,091		34,322	
2012	525,369			
2013	498,771			
Thereafter	1,003,394			
Less amount representing interest	 		15,961	
Totals	\$ 3,588,865	\$	136,045	

M. Changes in Long-term Debt-Discretely Presented Component Unit

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Revenue Bonds Financing Obligations	\$ 3,646,910 758,274	•	\$ (536,910) (143,364)	\$ 3,110,000 614,910	\$ 390,000 154,824
Business-Type Activities	.		.		
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 4,405,184	\$ 0	\$ (680,274)	\$ 3,724,910	\$ 544,824

Note 7. Operating Leases

Noncancellable operating leases for the Ohio County Hospital Corporation for equipment expire in various years. Rent expense totaled approximately \$648,000 and \$307,000 in 2008 and 2007, respectively. Future required minimum lease payments on these leases were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended		
September 30		Amount
2009	\$	565,649
2010		533,902
2011		346,127
2012		84,531
2013		24,990
Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$1	1,555,199

Note 8. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 16.17 percent. The county's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2007, and 2008 were \$262,388, \$324,572, and \$390,662 respectively, and were equal to the required contributions each year.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 9. Deferred Compensation

On November 25, 1985, the Ohio County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 10. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 Ohio County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 11. Landfill

Ohio County holds the permit for the landfill, known as the Ohio County Balefill. The County owns the land and all capital improvements. Republic Services of KY, LLC, DBA Ohio County Balefill won the bid on the landfill franchise and operates and maintains the landfill. The franchise must be re-bid every twenty years. Republic pays the County \$1.60 per ton in tipping fees. The liability for closure and post closure costs lies with Republic for 30 years after the closure of the landfill.

Note 12. Assets Limited as to Use

Assets limited as to use include assets held by trustees. Amounts required to meet certain liabilities of the Ohio County Hospital Corporation are included in current assets.

Assets limited as to use at September 30, 2008 included the following:

Held by trustee under indenture agreement	
U.S. Government securities	\$ 785,097
Less amount required to meet current obligations	 (361,097)
	_
Net Amount Assets Limited As To Use	\$ 424,000

Investment return consists primarily of interest income from these assets and cash investments.

Note 13. Patient Accounts Receivable

Patient accounts receivable for the Ohio County Hospital Corporation are stated at net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered plus any accrued and unpaid interest. The Hospital provides an allowance for doubtful accounts, which is based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information, and existing economic conditions. Patient accounts receivable are ordinarily due 30 days after the issuance of the invoice. Balances past due more than 120 days are considered delinquent. Delinquent receivables are written off based on individual credit evaluation and specific circumstances of the patient or third-party payer.

Note 14. Related Party Transactions

The Fiscal Court purchased a 1997 Ford Truck from the County Judge Executive, David Jones, in the amount of \$2,300 in February 2008, for the parks department.

Note 15. Prior Period Adjustments

The prior year net asset ending balances have been restated for the following:

	-	vernmental Activities
June 30, 2007, Net Assets	\$	7,269,391
Add Senior Citizens Account to General Fund		389
Decrease Accumulated Depreciation-		
Excess depreciation in Prior Year		7,179
Decrease Capital Assets-		
Asset included in FYE 6-30-07 not purchased until July 2007		(81,534)
Restated Net Asset Balances as of June 30, 2008	\$	7,195,425

Note 16. Difference in Fiscal Year End of Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Ohio County Hospital Corporation, a discretely presented component unit of the Ohio County Fiscal Court, has a fiscal year end of September 30, 2008. The Fiscal Court, the primary government, has a fiscal year end of June 30, 2008. All amounts reported for the Ohio County Hospital Corporation represent account balances, receipts, and disbursements as of September 30, 2008.

OHIO COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

OHIO COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

	GENERAL FUND								
		Amounts	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive					
REVENUES	Original	<u>Final</u>	Basis)	(Negative)					
Taxes	\$ 1,132,800	\$ 1,132,800	\$ 1,295,697	\$ 162,897					
In Lieu Tax Payments	1,500	1,500	2,568	1,068					
Licenses and Permits	167,070	272,070	253,143	(18,927)					
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,720,848	1,830,605	1,742,321	(88,284)					
Charges for Services	73,250	73,250	93,047	19,797					
Miscellaneous	168,644	380,144	205,498	(174,646)					
Interest	3,000	3,000	5,222	2,222					
Total Revenues	3,267,112	3,693,369	3,597,496	(95,873)					
		2,052,005	5,557,150	(50,070)					
EXPENDITURES									
General Government	2,260,203	2,637,449	2,215,497	421,952					
Protection to Persons and Property	579,673	602,164	445,943	156,221					
General Health and Sanitation	172,587	183,143	133,872	49,271					
Social Services	187,267	206,496	214,022	(7,526)					
Recreation and Culture	424,533	692,613	642,132	50,481					
Airports	18,000	18,000	17,247	753					
Debt Service	151,654	151,654	151,554	100					
Administration	1,143,469	1,451,915	903,020	548,895					
Total Expenditures	4,937,386	5,943,434	4,723,287	1,220,147					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,670,274)	(2,250,065)	(1,125,791)	1,124,274					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In	1,520,274	1,520,274	650,000	(870,274)					
Borrowed Money		250,000	250,000						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,520,274	1,770,274	900,000	(870,274)					
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(150,000)	(479,791)	(225,791)	254,000					
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)	150,000	479,791)	480,180	389					
rand balance - Beginning (restated)	150,000	7/2,/21	700,100						
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 254,389	\$ 254,389					

			I	ROAD AND	BRI	DGE FUND		
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				A	Actual mounts, Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		Original		Tillal		Basis)	(11	egative)
Licenses and Permits	\$	2,730	\$	2,730	\$	2,666	\$	(64)
Intergovernmental Revenue	Ψ	2,012,109	Ψ	2,119,709	4	1,440,575	Ψ	(679,134)
Miscellaneous		27,500		27,500		21,913		(5,587)
Interest		5,000		5,000		8,780		3,780
Total Revenues		2,047,339		2,154,939		1,473,934		(681,005)
EXPENDITURES								
Roads		1,842,651		1,936,615		1,131,877		804,738
Debt Service		265,086		266,091		265,963		128
Capital Projects				107,600		107,600		
Administration		308,935		310,456		249,030		61,426
Total Expenditures		2,416,672		2,620,762		1,754,470		866,292
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(369,333)		(465,823)		(280,536)		185,287
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		117,988		117,988		117,988		
Proceeds from Sale of Assets Held for Resale		176,345		176,345		176,345		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		294,333		294,333		294,333		
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(75,000)		(171,490)		13,797		185,287
Fund Balance - Beginning		75,000		171,490		171,490		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	185,287	\$	185,287

	OCCUPATIONAL TAX FUND									
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fir	iance with nal Budget Positive Negative)		
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	1,738,075	\$	1,738,075	\$	1,918,639	\$	180,564		
Interest		6,500		6,500		26,171		19,671		
Total Revenues		1,744,575		1,744,575		1,944,810		200,235		
EXPENDITURES General Government		210,840		214,537		209,759		4,778		
Recreation and Culture		210,040		7,500		7,500		4,770		
Roads				25,000		18,884		6,116		
Administration		53,963		72,746		24,755		47,991		
Total Expenditures		264,803		319,783		260,898		58,885		
Total Expenditures		201,003		317,703		200,070		20,002		
Excess (Deficiency) Of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other										
Financing Sources (Uses)		1,479,772		1,424,792		1,683,912		259,120		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers To Other Funds		(1,979,772)		(1,979,772)		(1,109,498)		870,274		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,979,772)		(1,979,772)		(1,109,498)		870,274		
Net Changes In Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning		(500,000) 500,000		(554,980) 554,980		574,414 554,980		1,129,394		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,129,394	\$	1,129,394		

	WATERLINE FUND								
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			ounts Final	A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)	
REVENUES									
Charges For Services	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	157,388	\$	7,388	
Miscellaneous						2,821		2,821	
Interest		2,500		2,500		7,573		5,073	
Total Revenues		152,500		152,500		167,782		15,282	
EXPENDITURES									
General Health and Sanitation		342,500		342,500		52,638		289,862	
Administration				16,745				16,745	
Total Expenditures		342,500		359,245		52,638		306,607	
Net Changes In Fund Balances Fund Balances - Beginning		(190,000) 190,000		(206,745) 206,745		115,144 206,745		321,889	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	321,889	\$	321,889	

	FEDERAL GRANTS FUND								
	Budgeted of Original			ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	1,586,412	\$	1,886,412	\$	1,684,711	\$	(201,701)	
Total Revenues		1,586,412		1,886,412		1,684,711		(201,701)	
EXPENDITURES									
General Government		186,412		186,412		132,437		53,975	
General Health and Sanitation		1,400,000		1,700,000		1,552,274		147,726	
Total Expenditures		1,586,412		1,886,412		1,684,711		201,701	
Net Changes In Fund Balances Fund Balances - Beginning									
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	

OHIO COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2008

1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

2. Reconciliation - Road and Bridge Fund

Total Expenditures - Budgetary Basis Plus Financing Obligations Expenditures:	\$ 1,754,470
Roads	 102,850
Total Expenditures - Modified Cash Basis	\$ 1,857,320
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
- Budgetary Basis	\$ 294,333
Plus Financing Obligations Proceeds	102,850
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
- Modified Cash Basis	\$ 397,183

OHIO COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2008

OHIO COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2008

	Jail Fund	Gov Ec As:	Local vernment onomic sistance Fund	Forest Fire Landfill Fund Fund			Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 54,352	\$	24,082	\$	57	\$	28,895	\$	107,386
Total Assets	\$ 54,352	\$	24,082	\$	57	\$	28,895	\$	107,386
FUND BALANCES									
Reserved For:									
Encumbrances	\$ 2,595	\$		\$		\$		\$	2,595
Unreserved:									
Special Revenue Funds	51,757		24,082		57		28,895		104,791
Total Fund Balances	\$ 54,352	\$	24,082	\$	57	\$	28,895	\$	107,386



OHIO COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

OHIO COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Local			
		Government			Total
		Economic	Forest		Non-Major
	Jail	Assistance	Fire	Landfill	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	\$	\$ 6,014	\$	\$ 6,014
Intergovernmental	234,051	538,265			772,316
Charges For Services	19,770			28,844	48,614
Miscellaneous	18,633				18,633
Interest	428	796	11	51	1,286
Total Revenues	272,882	539,061	6,025	28,895	846,863
EXPENDITURES					
General Government		285,414			285,414
Protection To Persons and Property	454,424	283,414	6,000		671,340
General Health and Sanitation	434,424	210,910	0,000		200
Recreation and Culture					
		17,202			17,202
Roads		47,955			47,955
Airports	141.001	2,878			2,878
Administration	141,821	55,000			196,821
Total Expenditures	596,245	619,565	6,000		1,221,810
Excess (Deficiency) Of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	(323,363)	(80,504)	25	28,895	(374,947)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	341,510				341,510
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	341,510			·	341,510
Total other I maneing sources (eses)	311,310				311,310
Net Change In Fund Balances	18,147	(80,504)	25	28,895	(33,437)
Fund Balances - Beginning	36,205	104,586	32		140,823
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 54,352	\$ 24,082	\$ 57	\$ 28,895	\$ 107,386



OHIO COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

OHIO COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses unqualified opinions on the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ohio County. A qualified opinion is expressed on the aggregate discretely presented component unit.
- 2. Two significant deficiencies relating to the internal control of the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- 3. Two instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Ohio County were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. One significant deficiency relating to the audit of the major federal awards program is reported in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the audit of the major federal awards programs for Ohio County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. There is one audit finding relative to the major federal awards program for Ohio County reported in Part D of this schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs were: Airport Improvement Program (CFDA #20.106) and Congressionally Mandated Projects Program (CFDA# 66.606)
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Ohio County was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2008-2 The Ohio County Airport Board Deposits Were Not Made Timely

During the performance of the Airport Board proof of cash, we noted that the Airport Board was not making daily deposits. KRS 68.210 prescribes minimum accounting requirements, which include deposits of receipts intact on a daily basis. We recommend the Fiscal Court require the Airport Board to make daily deposits in order to be in compliance with KRS 68.210.

Airport Board Chairman Kevin Autry's Response: Delayed deposits were from a time period prior to the current Administrative Assistant, who makes deposits in a timely manner. In the future, all receipts will be deposited as soon as possible.

2008-3 The Ohio County Senior Services Deposits Were Not Made Timely

During testing of cash, we noted that Senior Services was not making daily deposits. KRS 68.210 prescribes minimum accounting requirements, which include deposits of receipts intact on a daily basis. We recommend the Fiscal Court require the Senior Services to make daily deposits in order to be in compliance with KRS 68.210.

County Judge/Executive David Jones' Response: The Fiscal Court has instructed the County Treasurer to open a bank account for this money. The Senior Center will be required to make deposits no less than 3 times weekly to the County Treasurer.

OHIO COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (CONTINUED)

2008-4 The Fiscal Court Should Require Adequate Supporting Documentation For Mileage Reimbursements Made To The Sheriff and Sheriff's Deputies

During testing of expenditures, we noted that Sheriff and Sheriff's Deputies were not providing adequate documentation of their mileage reimbursement for the use of personal vehicles for official business. Mileage sheets submitted did not provide enough detail to verify miles driven by the Sheriff and Sheriff's deputies for official business. Mileage reimbursements paid to the Sheriff and Sheriff's Deputies were not considered taxable since they were reimbursements. Adequate documentation for reimbursement of mileage should include at a minimum, mileage sheets that detail date, actual mileage, and purpose for the travel. The strongest documentation of mileage would be daily odometer readings that were verified by the Sheriff and/or his designee. We recommend the fiscal court require adequate supporting documentation for mileage reimbursements to the Sheriff and Sheriff's deputies.

Sheriff Elvis Doolin's Response: Minimum requirements are and will be followed as to documentation of detailed date worked, mileage driven during the date worked and the purpose of travel which is patrol and/or prisoner transportation. Any further recommendations and/or requirements will be followed by the Sheriff and deputies and/or his designee per instruction or recommendation by the Fiscal Court. Also, a cap is in place by order of the Fiscal Court so as reimbursement for mileage does not exceed the cap.

2008-5 The Fiscal Court Should Require All Employees Submit Timesheets

During testing of payroll, we noted that the County Clerk's office did not submit timesheets to the Payroll Officer. In order to substantiate hours worked employees are required to submit timesheets. These timesheets provide the required documentation for payment of wages to employees. We recommend the Fiscal Court require all employees submit timesheets in order to confirm the validity of hours worked and pay due to employees.

County Judge/Executive David Jones' Response: Ohio County Judge/Executive met with Clerk Bess Ralph at approximately 2:00pm on Thursday, August, 6, 2009 and advised Clerk of the requirement to provide timesheets for all employees to substantiate hours worked. Ms. Ralph agreed to produce timesheets starting from July 1, 2009 of her employees, but stated she would make a phone call first.

C. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

OHIO COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

D. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAM AUDIT

2008-1 The Ohio County Airport Board Has A Lack of Internal Controls Over Monitoring Of Activities Allowed/Allowable Costs

Federal Program: CFDA #20.106 – Airport Improvement Program

Federal Agency: <u>U.S. Department of Transportation</u>

Pass-Through Agency: Not Applicable

Compliance Area: Activities Allowed/Allowable Costs

Amount of Questioned Costs: <u>\$0</u>

During testing of internal controls over compliance, we noted that there was no documentation of monitoring of the compliance requirement Activities Allowed/Allowable Costs by the Airport Board. The Airport Board bookkeeper received payment instructions from Garver Engineers and then made payments. OMB Circular A-133 requires internal controls over monitoring of Activities Allowed/Allowable Costs. There was no documentation of Board oversight or review of these payments. The Airport Board Director or designee should have reviewed expenditures prior to payment and initialed or otherwise documented this review.

We recommend the Airport Board implement internal controls over monitoring activities allowed/allowable costs and document the process used.

Airport Board Chairman Kevin Autry's Response: The Ohio County Airport Board Chairman has reviewed and signed all state and federal grant invoices since Garver Engineers was hired in May 2007. In addition, the Chairman will immediately begin verifying and noting on each invoice that it is an allowable cost for the particular allocated grant phase. The Chairman will also verify and note that the amount is correct for the services provided.



OHIO COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Other Supplementary Information

OHIO COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Other Supplementary Information

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Federal Grantor Program Title Grant Name (CFDA #)	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture		
Passed-Through State Department of Education: Child and Adult Care Food Program - Nutrition and Health Services (CFDA #10.558)		\$ 2,096
U.S. Department of Education		
Passed-Through State Department of Education: Adult Education State Grant Program - Kentucky Adult Education (CFDA #84.002)	KYAE-2008-074 Ohio	137,997
U.S. Department of Homeland Security		
Passed Through State Department Of Military Affairs: State Domestic Preparedness Program - (CFDA #97.042)		4,525
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		
Passed Through Department for Local Government: Community Development Block Grant/State's Program - Tamerlane Industries Inc. Project (CFDA #14.228)	05-041	132,437
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		
Direct Program: Congressionally Mandated Projects Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility		
(CFDA #66.606) ***	XP-96446206-0	351,261

\$1,481,121

OHIO COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Other Supplementary Information Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

Federal Grantor Program Title Grant Name (CFDA #)	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		
Passed Through State Cabinet for Health and Family Services Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers - Congregate Meals		
(CFDA #93.044) Home Delivered Meals	M-06150625-9	\$ 31,046
(CFDA #93.045)	M-06150625-9	45,154
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		76,200
U.S. Department of Tranportation		
Direct Program:		
Airport Improvement Program -	03-21-0063-06-2007	
Building/Runway Improvements Project	03-21-0063-07-2008	
(CFDA # 20.106) ***	03-21-0063-05-2006	776,605

Total Expenditures of Federal Awards

^{***} Tested as Major Programs

OHIO COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Ohio County, Kentucky and is presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.</u>



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



The Honorable David Jones, Ohio County Judge/Executive Members of the Ohio County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ohio County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 5, 2009, wherein, we issued a qualified opinion on the discretely presented component unit. Our report was also modified to include a reference to other auditors. Ohio County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Other auditors audited the financial statements of the Ohio County Hospital Corporation, as described in our report on Ohio County, Kentucky's financial statements. The financial statements of the Ohio County Hospital Corporation were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Ohio County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ohio County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Ohio County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control over financial reporting. We consider the following deficiencies described in the schedule of findings and questioned cost to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting: 2008-02 and 2008-3.







Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

<u>Internal Control Over Financial Reporting</u> (Continued)

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider the significant deficiencies listed above to be material weaknesses.

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Ohio County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and which are described in the schedule of findings and questioned costs as items: 2008-4 and 2008-5.

Ohio County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are included in the schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit their responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Department for Local Government, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

August 5, 2009

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133



The Honorable David Jones, Ohio County Judge/Executive Members of the Ohio County Fiscal Court

Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Ohio County, Kentucky, with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement</u> that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. Ohio County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Ohio County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Ohio County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Ohio County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Ohio County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Ohio County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Ohio County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Ohio County's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Ohio County's internal control over compliance.





Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 (Continued)

Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses as defined below. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2008-1 to be a significant deficiency.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the significant deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2008-1 to be material weakness.

The Ohio County Judge/Executive's responses to the findings identified in our audit are included in the schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the County Judge/Executive's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

August 5, 2009

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

OHIO COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISSTANCE PROGRAM

OHIO COUNTY FISCAL COURT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

The Ohio County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Name

County Judge/Executive

Name

County Treasurer